

Features

- Precision Monitoring of +2.5V, +3V, +3.3V, and +5V Power-Supply Voltages
- Fully Specified Over Temperature
- Available in three Output Configurations
- Push-Pull RESET Low Output (AP1701/3)
- Push-Pull RESET High Output (AP1702/4)
- 200ms Min. Power-On Reset Pulse Width
- 20µA Supply Current (Typ.)
- Guaranteed Reset Valid to V_{CC} = +1V
- Power Supply Transient Immunity
- No External Components
- Green Packages: SC59-3L and SOT23
- Lead Free Finish / RoHS Compliant (Note 1)

General Description

The AP1701/2/3/4 are used for microprocessor (μ P) supervisory circuits to monitor the power supplies in μ P and digital systems. They provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components and adjustments when used with +5V, +3.3V, +3.0V powered circuits.

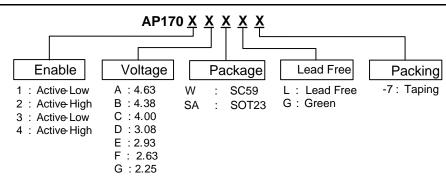
These circuits perform a single function: they assert a reset signal whenever the V_{CC} supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for at least 240ms after V_{CC} has risen above the reset threshold. Reset thresholds suitable for operation with a variety of supply voltages are available. The AP1701/2/3/4 have push pull outputs. The AP1701/3 have an

active low RESET output, while the AP1702/4 has an active high RESET output. The reset comparator is designed to ignore fast transients on $V_{\rm CC}$, and the outputs are guaranteed to be in the correct logic state for $V_{\rm CC}$ down to 1V. Low supply current makes the AP1701/2/3/4 ideal for use in portable equipment. The AP1701/2/3/4 is available in a 3-pin SC59 package.

Applications

- Computers
- Controllers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Critical μP and μC Power Monitoring
- Portable/Battery Powered Equipment
- Automotive

Ordering Information



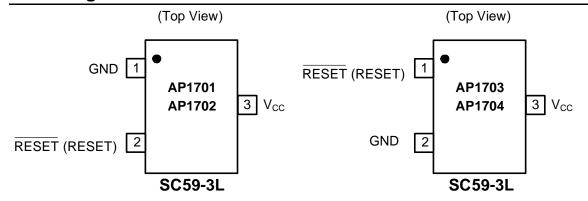
Notes: 1. RoHS revision 13.2.2003. Glass and High Temperature Solder Exemptions Applied, see EU Directive Annex Notes 5 and 7.

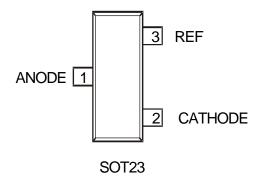
	Device Package Packaging 7" Tape and R		e and Reel		
	Device	Code	(Note 2)	Quantity	Part Number Suffix
P	AP170XXW	W	SC59	3000/Tape & Reel	-7
Pb	AP170XXSA	SA	SOT23	3000/Tape & Reel	-7

Notes: 2. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf.



Pin Assignments





Pin Descriptions

Name	Description	
GND	Ground	
RESET (RESET)	Reset Output Pin L: for AP1701/3 H: for AP1702/4	
Vcc	Operating Voltage Input	





Absolute Maximum Ratings

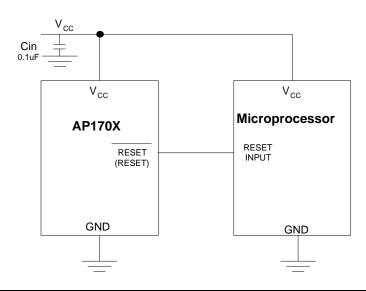
Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V_{CC}	Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)	-0.3 to +6.0	V
V_{RESET}	RESET, RESET (push-pull)	-0.3 to (V _{CC} + 0.3)	V
I _{cc}	Input Current, V _{CC}	20	mA
Io	Output Current, RESET, RESET	20	mA
P _D	Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C), de-rate 4mW/°C above +70°C	320	mW
T _{OP}	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40 to +105	°C
T _{ST}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C

Electrical Characteristics (T_A = 25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
V _{CC}	V _{CC} Range	$T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C	1.0		5.5	V	
Icc	Supply Current	V _{TH} + 1.0V		20	30	μΑ	
	Reset Threshold	AP1701/2/3/4A	4.54	4.63	4.72	V	
		AP1701/2/3/4B	4.29	4.38	4.47		
		AP1701/2/3/4C	3.92	4.00	4.08		
	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	AP1701/2/3/4D	3.02	3.08	3.14		
V_{TH}	14-23 0	AP1701/2/3/4E	2.87	2.93	2.99		
		AP1701/2/3/4F	2.57	2.63	2.68		
		AP1701/2/3/4G	2.20	2.25	2.30		
	Reset Threshold			30		ppm/	
	Tempco			30		°C	
Ts	Set-up Time	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } (V_{TH} - 100 \text{mV})$	100			μs	
T _{DELAY}	Reset Active Timeout Period	$T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C	100	240	600	ms	
	RESET Output	$V_{CC} = V_{TH} \text{ min}, I_{SINK} = 1.2 \text{mA}, AP1701/3$			0.3		
V_{OL}		$V_{CC} = V_{TH} \text{ min}, I_{SINK} = 3.2 \text{mA}$			0.4	V	
	Voltage Low	$V_{CC} > 1.0V$, $I_{SINK} = 50uA$			0.3		
\/	RESET Output Voltage-High	$V_{CC} > V_{TH} \text{ max}, I_{SOURCE} = 500 \text{uA}, AP1701/3$	0.8V _{CC}			V	
V _{OH}		$V_{CC} > V_{TH} \text{ max}, I_{SOURCE} = 800 \text{uA}$	V _{CC} -1.5			V	
V_{OL}	RESET Output	$V_{CC} = V_{TH} \text{ max}, I_{SINK} = 1.2 \text{ mA}, AP1702/4$			0.3	V	
V OL	Voltage-Low	$V_{CC} = V_{TH} \text{ max}, I_{SINK} = 3.2 \text{mA}$			0.4	V	
V _{OH}	RESET Output Voltage-High	$1.8V < V_{CC} < V_{TH}$ min, $I_{SOURCE} = 150uA$, AP1702/4	0.8 V _{CC}			V	



Typical Application Circuit



Function Description

A microprocessor's (μ P's) reset input starts the μ P in a known state. The AP1701/2/3/4 assert reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions. They assert a reset signal whenever the V_{CC} supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for at least 240ms after V_{CC} has risen above the reset threshold. The AP1701/2/3/4 have a push-pull output stage.

Applications Information Negative-Going V_{CC} Transients

In addition to issuing a reset to the μP during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, the AP1701/2/3/4 are relatively immune to short-duration negative-going V_{CC} transients (glitches).

The AP1701/2/3/4 do not generate a reset pulse. The graph was generated using a negative going pulse applied to $V_{\rm CC}$, starting 0.5V above the actual reset threshold and ending below it by the magnitude indicated (reset comparator overdrive). The graph indicates the maximum pulse width a negative going $V_{\rm CC}$ transient can have without causing a reset pulse. As the magnitude of the transient increases (goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, a $V_{\rm CC}$ transient that goes 100mV below the reset threshold and lasts 100µs or less will not cause a reset pulse. A 0.1µF bypass capacitor mounted as close as possible to the $V_{\rm CC}$ pin provides additional transient immunity.

Ensuring a Valid Reset Output Down to $V_{CC} = 0$

 $\overline{RESET} \ \ \text{is guaranteed to be a logic low for $V_{CC} > 1$V$.}$ Once V_{CC} exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps

RESET low for the reset timeout period; after this interval,

RESET

below the reset threshold), RESET goes low. Any time V_{CC} goes below the reset threshold, the internal timer resets to zero, and $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ goes low. The internal timer starts after V_{CC} returns above the reset threshold, and $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ remains low for the reset timeout period.

When V_{CC} falls below 1V, the AP1701/3 RESET

output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high-impedance CMOS logic inputs connected to $$\overline{RESET}$$ can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications since most μP and other circuitry is inoperative with V_{CC} below 1V. However, in applications where $$\overline{RESET}$$ must be valid down to 0V, adding a pull down resistor to $$\overline{RESET}$$ causes any stray leakage currents to flow to ground, holding $$\overline{RESET}$$ low. R1's value is

not critical; 100k are large enough not to load RESET and

small enough to pull RESET to ground. For the AP1702/4 if

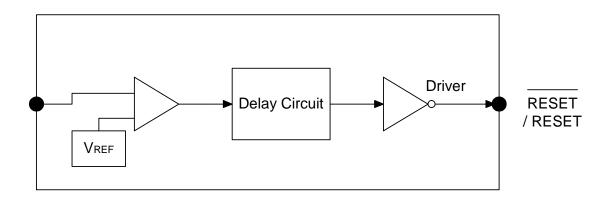
RESET is required to remain valid for $V_{CC} < 1V$.

Benefits of Highly Accurate Reset Threshold

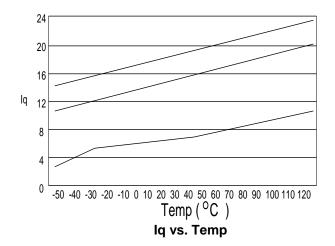
Most μP supervisor ICs has reset threshold voltages between 5% and 10% below the value of nominal supply voltages. This ensures a reset will not occur within 5% of the nominal supply, but will occur when the supply is 10% below nominal. When using ICs rated at only the nominal supply $\pm 5\%$, this leaves a zone of uncertainty where the supply is between 5% and 10% low, and where the reset may or may not be asserted.

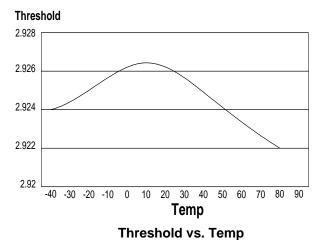


Block Diagram



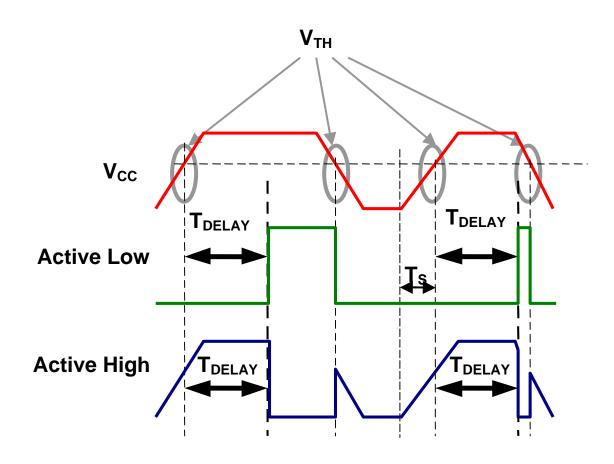
Performance Characteristics

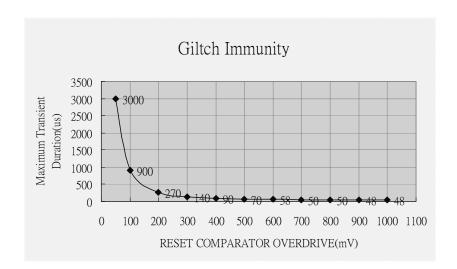






Timing Diagram



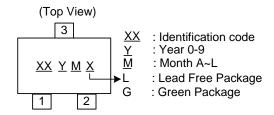




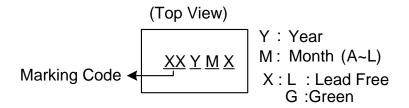


Marking Information

(1) SC59-3L



(2) SOT23





Marking Information (Continued)

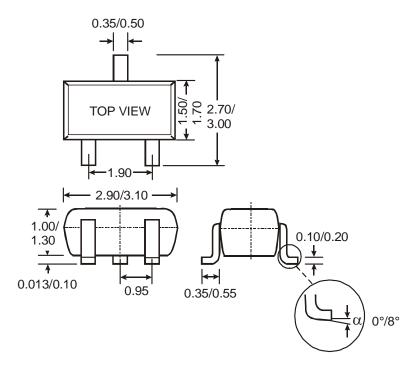
Device	Package (Note 3)	Identification Code
AP1701ASA	SOT23	
AP1701BSA	SOT23	
AP1701CSA	SOT23	
AP1701DSA	SOT23	
AP1701ESA	SOT23	
AP1701FSA	SOT23	
AP1701GSA	SOT23	
AP1702ASA	SOT23	
AP1702BSA	SOT23	
AP1702CSA	SOT23	
AP1702DSA	SOT23	
AP1702ESA	SOT23	
AP1702ESA AP1702FSA	SOT23	
AP1702GSA	SOT23	
AP1703ASA	SOT23	
AP1703BSA	SOT23	
AP1703CSA	SOT23	
AP1703DSA	SOT23	
AP1703ESA	SOT23	
AP1703FSA	SOT23	
AP1703GSA	SOT23	
AP1704ASA	SOT23	
AP1704BSA	SOT23	
AP1704CSA	SOT23	
AP1704DSA	SOT23	
AP1704ESA	SOT23	
AP1704FSA	SOT23	
AP1704GSA	SOT23	
AP1701AW	SC59	EA
AP1701BW	SC59	EB
AP1701CW	SC59	EC
AP1701DW	SC59	ED
AP1701EW	SC59	EE
AP1701FW	SC59	EF NAME
AP1701GW	SC59	W1
AP1702AW AP1702BW	SC59	E0 E2
AP17026W AP1702CW	SC59 SC59	E2 E3
AP1702CW AP1702DW	SC59 SC59	E3 E4
AP1702EW	SC59	E5
AP1702FW	SC59	E6
AP1702GW	SC59	W2
AP1703AW	SC59	EG
AP1703BW	SC59	EH
AP1703CW	SC59	El
AP1703DW	SC59	EJ
AP1703EW	SC59	EK
AP1703FW	SC59	EL
AP1703GW	SC59	W3
AP1704AW AP1704BW	SC59 SC59	E7 E8
AP17046W AP1704CW	SC59 SC59	E9
AP1704CW AP1704DW	SC59 SC59	EM E9
AP1704EW	SC59	EN
AP1704FW	SC59	EP
AP1704GW	SC59	W4

Notes: 3. For Packaging Details, go to our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02007.pdf.

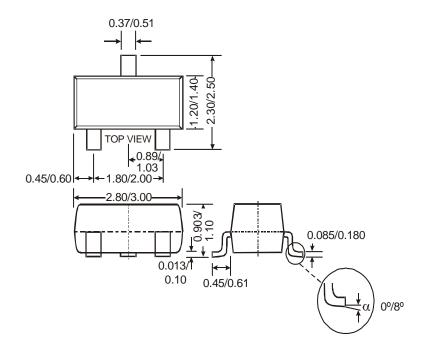


Package Information (All Dimensions in mm)

(1) Package Type: SC59-3L



(2) Package Type: SOT23



NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGN, USE (APX809/810)





3-PIN MICROPROCESSOR RESET CIRCUITS

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